



Importing and keeping introduced mammals, birds, reptiles and amphibians in Western Australia

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1 Management of introduced animals

When mammals, birds, reptiles and amphibians are introduced to new locations they can cause problems to agriculture, the environment and the community. Problems can occur because animals often;

- carry diseases or parasites
- damage agricultural crops
- displace native animals and plants
- damage property
- cause land degradation
- have a negative impact on pets.

Sometimes it is not obvious to us of the possible effects captive kept animals can have when a population establishes in the wild. The cost to future generations as a result of importing and keeping a prohibited animal or by not keeping permitted animals responsibly can be enormous.

It can take a long time for escaped animals to reach pest proportions, but once populations establish in the wild they are usually impossible to eradicate.

Primarily introduced species have been declared by the Minister for Agriculture and Food, Western Australia (DAFWA) as either prohibited organisms or permitted organisms under the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007* (BAM Act).

2 Western Australian organism list (WAOL)

WAOL is an online database recording all BAM Act declared organisms - animals, plants, and pathogens in Western Australia (WA).

The following information is available in WAOL;

- declaration status (section 11 permitted organism; section 12 prohibited organism; section 22(2) declared pest)
- control category (C1 exclusion; C2 eradication; C3 management)
- keeping category (prohibited; restricted; exempt)
- quarantine conditions.

2.1 Directions for using WAOL

To query or search the WAOL enter the organism's scientific or common name. It is recommended to search by scientific name as this will provide the species record, whereas using a common name will provide records for any plant, animal and pathogen containing your search term. Search the [WA Organism List](#) (WAOL) database.

3 Keeping categories

The Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Regulations 2013 specify prohibited and restricted keeping categories for the purposes of regulating declared terrestrial vertebrates (mammals, birds, reptiles and amphibians) in regard to the purposes for which they can be kept, and the entities that can keep them for that purpose. A keeping permit (or licence) is the administrative tool used to assign specific conditions to the keeping of an animal.

The tables in this bulletin are provided primarily to assist readers to determine the legal restrictions applicable to declared animals. The tables are not exhaustive and do not necessarily set out all restrictions applicable to a particular species under the BAM Act and regulations or other legislation.

The tables list those animals that can be kept under a permit or license in aviculture, as pets or companion animals or as stock animals. Some other animals that don't require a permit to keep but have other requirements are also listed. Any species not listed can be looked up searching the [WAOL](#).

All animals native or indigenous to WA are regulated under the *Wildlife Conservation Act 1950* (WCA) administered by the Department of Parks and Wildlife (DPAW), including any that are a declared pest under the BAM Act. Native animals declared as pests under the BAM Act are listed in this bulletin. Please check with DPAW for all native animals regarding permits.

Be responsible and legal – obtain a permit before acquiring a declared animal and then abide by the permit keeping conditions.

People keeping animals without the appropriate permits or not complying with permit conditions can be prosecuted and may forfeit their animals.

If you are in any doubt as to the legal restrictions applicable to a species, please contact DAFWA or DPAW (refer to section 10 for contact information).

3.1 Prohibited keeping category

Animals regulated in a prohibited keeping category can only be kept under a permit for public display and education purposes, and/or genuine scientific research, by entities approved by the State authority. Species in this category cannot be kept by private individuals.

3.2 Restricted keeping category

Animals which, relative to other species, have a low risk of becoming a problem for the environment, primary industry or public safety and can be kept under a permit by private individuals.

3.3 Exempt keeping category

Animals regulated as exempt do not require a permit to keep, however there may be other requirements under the BAM Act. Such as those for the import of livestock, pigeons and doves, or waybills for stock movement, or animals regulated under the Wildlife Conservation Act.

4 Risk assessment

Before mammal, bird, reptile and amphibian species new to WA can be imported, a risk assessment must be carried out to determine potential threats to agriculture and the environment. New species are determined as those not listed in the WAOL. The assessment considers the risk

of a species establishing in the wild in WA and becoming a pest. A charge may apply for completion of an assessment, please see [Invasive Species Applications](#).

Decisions on importation are made after careful consideration of the short and long-term consequences of allowing the species to enter WA. The interdepartmental Committee for the Introduction and Keeping of Animals (CIKA) reviews applications and risk assessments, and provides recommendations to DAFWA. Many of the assessed animals are approved to enter the state with a permit and conditions. Some animals are not permitted to enter because they pose too great a risk.

5 Permit applications

Enquiries concerning the import and keeping of declared animals in WA may be addressed to either DAFWA or DPaW. Either agency will provide information for requirements and permit application procedures.

Applications for permits regarding new species and most declared pests are provided by DAFWA. There is a charge for applications to import and keep animals and for biosecurity inspections carried out by DAFWA. Applications for the import and keeping of mammals, reptiles and amphibians prohibited under the BAM Act, and all birds regulated as prohibited keeping category can be emailed to DAFWA at ISPermit@agric.wa.gov.au. On receipt of an application DAFWA will issue an invoice. Charges are payable by the importer, exporter or owner of the organism prior to a permit being processed. Refer to [Invasive Species Applications](#) for charges and forms.

Completed forms and any supporting documentation may also be mailed to DAFWA (refer to Section 10 for details).

Upon receipt of an application, a local Biosecurity Officer will be advised of any requirements for a site inspection, enclosure design and import protocol. Permits will be issued once it is confirmed that all requirements have been met. Permits are issued for defined periods, usually two to three years.

In such a case where enclosure plans must be submitted and the site inspected prior to the commencement of any building, a provisional permit may be issued and the endorsed permit issued after final inspections have been completed.

To renew a permit, an application for renewal of a permit is required and this should be done prior to the end date of a current permit.

6 Permit conditions

General conditions are applied to all permits to import and keep declared animals and there may be specific conditions for a particular species or situation.

General conditions

- A permit is not transferable and relates only to the person to whom it is issued.
- A person can only dispose of animals kept under a permit to other permit holders.
- Regular returns must be provided, listing the species, the number held under permit and the name of the recipients of any transfers.
- Escape of animals held under permit must be immediately reported to DAFWA and/or DPaW.
- Animals held in captivity under permit are not to be liberated, nor attempts made to liberate them.

The permit holder has a legal obligation to prevent permit animals being at large.

Permits can be revoked if animals are not being held as the permit conditions specify.

It is the responsibility of a permit holder to ensure that they are compliant with Commonwealth legislation relating to the possession and quarantine of exotic animals.

Australian Government Departments of Agriculture and the Environment conditions apply to the importation of animals from overseas countries.

7 Unwanted animals

If exotic birds and other animals are no longer wanted, please contact DAFWA or DPaW for advice on options for re-housing or proper disposal. Whenever possible, animals are relocated with a responsible keeper.

Anyone who releases, abandons or fails to take reasonable precautions to prevent the escape of a declared animal, commits an offence and can be subject to fines under the BAM Act.

8 Keeping introduced animals

8.1 Permits and fees for restricted keeping birds

Licences for keeping restricted birds are issued by DPaW on behalf of DAFWA so that a central register can be maintained. This arrangement also simplifies the process for bird keepers by having one department responsible for issuing aviculture permits.

Upon receipt of an application for a declared bird, DPaW staff at the Kensington office will advise of other requirements, such as a site inspection, enclosure design and import protocol.

Applications to keep restricted birds are available from the [DPaW Licensing Section](#).

Completed forms, payment and supporting documentation may be forwarded to DPaW (refer to Section 10 for contact details).

A fee of \$65 dollars per license is applicable to keep restricted birds, however the fee charged is at DPaW's discretion and from 1 July 2017, all restricted bird keeping permits will incur a fee of \$30 for a one-year permit or \$40 for a three-year permit.

DPaW will provide information to licence holders regarding any changes to the fees. For further information email [DPaW Licensing](#).

8.2 Exempt keeping

- No import or keeping permit is required under the BAM Act.
- State barrier animal inspection are carried out by DAFWA Quarantine when animals enter WA.
- Livestock species must meet DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry
- When livestock leave a property appropriate movement documentation (waybill) is required (see 8.4 quarantine requirements).
- An import permit under the Wildlife Conservation Act may be required.

8.3 Import and keeping requirements for animals

- An import permit is required prior to entry into WA. Check with DAFWA or DPaW before importing an animal (including all birds) into the state.
- An import permit under the Wildlife Conservation Act may be required.
- Fees and charges apply for all permits.
- State barrier animal inspection are carried out by DAFWA Quarantine when animals enter WA.
- Livestock animals are exempt from state barrier animal inspections for identification, but do require other checks such as DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry.
- Livestock species require appropriate movement documentation (waybill) whenever they leave a property.
- Enclosure specifications apply, with wire netting requirements for various groups of birds.
- Enclosure requirements and/or conditions apply to keeping mammals.
- The species may be a prohibited import under the Wildlife Conservation Act.
- Restrictions may apply to the maximum number of birds that can be held by aviculturists.
- A species may require a special aviculture license with the following keeping conditions applied;
 - keeping limited to genuine society breeders
 - provision of minimum flight aviaries
 - participation in official breeding programs.

8.4 Quarantine requirements

DAFWA requirements must be met prior to entry of livestock, pigeons and doves, regardless of whether these are kept as pets or for commercial purposes

All ruminants (cattle, sheep, goats, deer, bison, buffalo), equines (horses, ponies, mules, donkeys), camels, camelids (alpaca, llama) and pigs (including mini or miniature pigs) are considered livestock.

DAFWA health and fibre requirements must be met before entry to WA and a Waybill is required when livestock is moved.

Contact Quarantine WA on +61 (0)8 9334 1800, Fax +61 (0)8 9334 1880, Email QWALivestockImports@agric.wa.gov.au. For information on specific import requirements for livestock see the [Quarantine WA Import Requirements Search](#).

8.5 Enclosure requirements

All aviaries and enclosures for keeping restricted birds must comply with the following;

- Have double doors to the exterior.
- Be securely fastened to a concrete base or otherwise pegged to the ground, with netting and post uprights buried at least 30cm into the ground.
- Have wire netting laid under breakable sheet coverings such as PVC or fiberglass.
- Have correct load bearing structural materials within the framework of the aviary.

Minimum sizes for various materials

timber	5cm x 5cm
angle iron	2.5cm x 2.5cm x 3.17mm
steel rod	1.27cm internal diameter

9 Introduced animal lists

9.1 Restricted keeping birds by scientific name

Scientific name	Common name(s)	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
<i>Agapornis fischeri</i>	Fischer's lovebird	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Agapornis hybrids</i>	lovebird species hybrids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Agapornis lilianae</i>	Nyasa lovebird; Lilian's lovebird	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Agapornis nigrigenis</i>	Black-cheeked lovebird	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Agapornis personatus</i>	Masked lovebird	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
<i>Agapornis roseicollis</i>	Peach-faced lovebird	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Aix galericulata</i>	Mandarin duck	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Alectoris chukar</i>	Chukar; chukar partridge; chukor partridge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm
<i>Alopochen aegyptiacus</i>	Egyptian goose	
<i>Amadina erythrocephala</i>	Paradise sparrow; Aberdeen finch; red-headed amadina	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Amadina fasciata</i>	Cut-throat weaver; cut-throat finch; ribbon finch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Amandava amandava</i>	Red munia; red strawberry finch; red or Indian avadavat; tiger finch; red waxbill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Amandava formosa</i>	Green munia; green strawberry finch; green avadavat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds

Scientific name	Common name(s)	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
<i>Anodorhynchus hyacinthinus</i>	Hyacinth macaw	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Ara ararauna</i>	blue and yellow / gold macaw	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Ara chloropterus</i>	Green-winged macaw; Red and Green macaw	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Ara macao</i>	Scarlet macaw	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Ara rubrogenys</i>	Red-fronted macaw	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Aratinga aurea</i>	Peach-fronted conure; Golden-crowned conure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
<i>Aratinga auricapillus</i>	Golden-capped conure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
<i>Aratinga jandaya</i>	Jandaya conure / parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
<i>Aratinga solstitialis</i>	Sun conure; sun parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
<i>Aythya novaeseelandiae</i>	New Zealand scaup	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Cacatua galerita</i>	Sulphur-crested cockatoo*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm wire 2.5mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	Greenfinch; European greenfinch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Carduelis cucullata</i>	Red siskin; Venezuelan siskin; black-hooded red siskin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Carduelis flammea</i>	Redpoll	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>	Hooded siskin; yellow siskin; black-hooded yellow siskin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Carduelis sinica</i>	Oriental greenfinch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm

Scientific name	Common name(s)	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
<i>Carduelis spinus</i>	European siskin; spruce siskin;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	Ruddy ground dove; talpacoti	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Coturnix japonica</i>	Japanese quail	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no data
<i>Cyanoramphus auriceps</i>	Yellow-fronted parakeet / kakariki	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae</i>	Red-fronted parakeet / kakariki	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>	Yellowhammer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Erythrura cyaneovirens</i>	Red-headed parrotfinch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Erythrura hyperythra</i>	Bamboo parrotfinch; tawny-breasted parrotfinch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Erythrura tricolor</i>	Tricoloured parrotfinch; Tanimbar parrotfinch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Estrilda astrild</i>	Common waxbill; St Helena waxbill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Estrilda melpoda</i>	Orange-cheeked waxbill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Estrilda troglodytes</i>	Black-rumped waxbill; red-eared waxbill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Euplectes franciscanus</i>	Northern red bishop; orange bishop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Euplectes orix</i>	Grenadier weaver; red bishop;	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Euschistospiza dybowskii</i>	Dybowskii's twinspace	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds

Scientific name	Common name(s)	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
<i>Foudia madagascariensis</i>	Madagascar red fody; Madagascar weaver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	Chaffinch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Hypargos niveoguttatus</i>	Peters's twinspace	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Lonchura maja</i>	White-headed munia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Lonchura malabarica</i>	Indian silverbill; white-throated munia; common silverbill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Lonchura malacca</i>	Black-headed munia; black- headed nun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	Nutmeg mannikin; spicfinch; spotted munia; scaly-breasted munia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Lonchura striata</i>	White-rumped munia; Bengalese mannikin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Lophura nycthemera</i>	Silver pheasant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Oena capensis</i>	Namaqua dove; Cape dove; Masked dove	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
<i>Padda oryzivora</i>	Java sparrow; paddy finch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	Ring-necked pheasant; Common Pheasant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
<i>Pionites leucogaster</i>	White-bellied caique / parrot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 2.5mm
<i>Pionites melanocephala</i>	Black-headed caique / parrot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 2.5mm
<i>Poicephalus meyeri</i>	Meyer's parrot; brown parrot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds

Scientific name	Common name(s)	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
<i>Pseudeos fuscata</i>	Dusky lory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Psittacula alexandri</i>	Moustached parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm
<i>Psittacula columboides</i>	Malabar parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>	Plum-headed parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Psittacula derbiana</i>	Derbyan parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 12 birds
<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>	Alexandrine parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	Rose-ringed parakeet; Indian or African ringneck parrot or parakeet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
<i>Pytilia hypogrammica</i>	Yellow-winged pytilia	
<i>Rhea americana</i>	Greater rhea	Special aviculture requirements no data
<i>Serinus mozambicus</i>	Yellow-fronted canary; green singing finch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	Collared dove; collared turtle-dove; Indian ring dove; Barbary dove (fawn or white variations)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
<i>Tadorna variegata</i>	Paradise shelduck; New Zealand shelduck	Special aviculture requirements
<i>Uraeginthus angolensis</i>	Blue-breasted cordonbleu / waxbill	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i>	Red-cheeked cordonbleu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
<i>Uraeginthus cyanocephalus</i>	Blue-capped / blue-headed cordonbleu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm

9.2 Restricted keeping birds by common name

Common name	Scientific name	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
Alexandrine parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Bamboo parrotfinch; tawny-breasted parrotfinch	<i>Erythrura hyperythra</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Black-cheeked lovebird	<i>Agapornis nigrigenis</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
Black-headed caique / parrot	<i>Pionites melanocephala</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 2.5mm
Black-headed munia; black-headed nun	<i>Lonchura malacca</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Black-rumped waxbill; red-eared waxbill	<i>Estrilda troglodytes</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Blue and yellow / gold macaw	<i>Ara ararauna</i>	Special aviculture requirements
Blue-breasted cordonbleu / waxbill	<i>Uraeginthus angolensis</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Blue-capped / blue-headed cordonbleu	<i>Uraeginthus cyanocephalus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Chukar; chukar partridge; chukor partridge	<i>Alectoris chukar</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm
Collared dove; collared turtle-dove; Indian ring dove; Barbary dove (fawn or white variations)	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
Common waxbill; St Helena waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Cut-throat weaver; cut-throat finch; ribbon finch	<i>Amadina fasciata</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 30 birds

Common name	Scientific name	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
Derbyan parakeet	<i>Psittacula derbiana</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 12 birds
Dusky lory	<i>Pseudeos fuscata</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
Dybowskii's twinspace	<i>Euschistospiza dybowskii</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Egyptian goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiacus</i>	
European siskin; spruce siskin;	<i>Carduelis spinus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 30 birds
Fischer's lovebird	<i>Agapornis fischeri</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
Golden-capped conure	<i>Aratinga auricapillus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
Greater rhea	<i>Rhea americana</i>	Special aviculture requirements
Green munia; green strawberry finch; green avadavat	<i>Amandava formosa</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Greenfinch; European greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Green-winged macaw; red and green macaw	<i>Ara chloropterus</i>	Special aviculture requirements
Grenadier weaver; red Bishop;	<i>Euplectes orix</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
Hooded siskin; yellow siskin; black-hooded yellow siskin	<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Hyacinth macaw	<i>Anodorhynchus hyacinthinus</i>	Special aviculture requirements
Indian silverbill; white-throated munia; common silverbill	<i>Lonchura malabarica</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm

Common name	Scientific name	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
Jandaya conure / parakeet	<i>Aratinga jandaya</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
Japanese quail	<i>Coturnix japonica</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no data
Java sparrow; paddy finch	<i>Padda oryzivora</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
lovebird species hybrids	<i>Agapornis hybrids</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
Madagascar red fody; Madagascar weaver	<i>Foudia madagascariensis</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Malabar parakeet	<i>Psittacula columboides</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
Mandarin duck	<i>Aix galericulata</i>	Special aviculture requirements
Masked lovebird	<i>Agapornis personatus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
Meyer's parrot; brown parrot	<i>Poicephalus meyeri</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
Moustached parakeet	<i>Psittacula alexandri</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm
Namaqua dove; Cape dove; masked dove	<i>Oena capensis</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
New Zealand scaup	<i>Aythya novaeseelandiae</i>	Special aviculture requirements data
Northern red bishop; orange bishop	<i>Euplectes franciscanus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
Nutmeg mannikin; spicewinch; spotted munia; scaly-breasted munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Nyasa lovebird; Lilian's lovebird	<i>Agapornis lilianae</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds

Common name	Scientific name	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
Orange-cheeked waxbill	<i>Estrilda melpoda</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Oriental greenfinch	<i>Carduelis sinica</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Paradise shelduck; New Zealand shelduck	<i>Tadorna variegata</i>	Special aviculture requirements no data
Paradise sparrow; Aberdeen finch; red-headed amadina	<i>Amadina erythrocephala</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Peach-faced lovebird	<i>Agapornis roseicollis</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 30 birds
Peach-fronted conure; golden-crowned conure	<i>Aratinga aurea</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
Peters's twinspot	<i>Hypargos niveoguttatus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Plum-headed parakeet	<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
Red munia; red strawberry finch; red or Indian avadavat; Tiger finch; Red waxbill	<i>Amandava amandava</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Red siskin; Venezuelan siskin; Black-hooded red siskin	<i>Carduelis cucullata</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 30 birds
Red-cheeked Cordonbleu	<i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Red-fronted macaw	<i>Ara rubrogenys</i>	Special aviculture requirements
Red-fronted parakeet / kakariki	<i>Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
Red-headed parrotfinch	<i>Erythrura cyaneovirens</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Redpoll	<i>Carduelis flammea</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds

Common name	Scientific name	Mesh requirements (maximum wire aperture and minimum wire diameter) Any additional requirements
Ring-necked pheasant; common pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Rose-ringed parakeet; Indian or African ringneck parrot or parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 10 birds
Ruddy ground dove; talpacoti	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 20 birds
Scarlet macaw	<i>Ara macao</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special aviculture requirements no data
Silver pheasant	<i>Lophura nycthemera</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 1.3mm • Maximum 20 birds
Sulphur-crested cockatoo*	<i>Cacatua galerita</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 2.5mm • Maximum 30 birds
Sun conure; sun parakeet	<i>Aratinga solstitialis</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm
Tricoloured parrotfinch; Tanimbar parrotfinch	<i>Erythrura tricolor</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
White-bellied caique / parrot	<i>Pionites leucogaster</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3.81cm 2.5mm
White-headed munia	<i>Lonchura maja</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
White-rumped munia; Bengalese mannikin	<i>Lonchura striata</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm • Maximum 20 birds
Yellow-fronted canary; green singing finch	<i>Serinus mozambicus</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Yellow-fronted parakeet / kakariki	<i>Cyanoramphus auriceps</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.54cm 1.3mm • Maximum 10 birds
Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.27cm 0.71mm
Yellow-winged pytilia	<i>Pytilia hypogrammica</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no data

9.3 Restricted keeping mammals

Common name(s), scientific name and additional requirements.

Blackbuck, *Antelope cervicapra* – DAFWA import permit required

Banteng cattle, *Bos javanicus* – Prohibited from private keeping

Fallow deer, *Dama dama*, – DAFWA fencing requirements

Feral camel, *Camelus dromedarius (feral)*

Feral donkey, *Equus asinus (feral)*

Feral goat, *Capra hircus (feral)*

Feral pig; wild boar, *Sus scrofa (feral)*

Water buffalo, *Bubalus bubalis* – Can only be kept south of 20° parallel; DAFWA fencing requirements

Red deer; wapiti; elk, *Cervus elaphus* – DAFWA fencing requirements

9.4 Exempt keeping birds by common name

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements

American golden plover, *Pluvialis dominica*

Asian brown flycatcher, *Muscicapa dauurica*

Australasian shoveler, *Anas rhynchos*

Australian raven, *Corvus coronoides*

Australian ringneck; Port Lincoln ringneck; Twenty-eight Parrot, *Barnardius zonarius*

Australian Shelduck; Mountain Duck, *Tadorna tadornoides*

Australian white Ibis, *Threskiornis molucca*

Barn Swallow, *Hirundo rustica*

Bar-shouldered dove, *Geopelia humeralis*

Baudin's cockatoo; Long-billed Black cockatoo, *Calyptorhynchus baudinii*

Black Swan, *Cygnus atratus*

Bourke's Parrot, *Neophema bourkii*

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements

Brown Quail, *Coturnix ypsilophora*

Butler's corella; Western corella (northern and central wheatbelt subspecies), *Cacatua pastinator butleri*

Cape barren goose, *Cereopsis novaehollandiae*

Carnaby's cockatoo, *Calyptorhynchus latirostris*

Chestnut-backed button-quail, *Turnix (castanota) castanota*

Chestnut-breasted mannikin, *Lonchura castaneothorax*

Chicken; domestic fowl; all bantams; red jungle fowl

All domestic derivatives of the wild form; *Gallus gallus*

Adult birds exempt from state barrier animal inspection and Exempt from import permit

Common canary, *Serinus canaria*

Common peafowl; Indian peafowl, *Pavo cristatus*

Common turkey;

Includes all domestic derivatives of the wild ancestor *Meleagris gallopavo*

Crimson finch, *Neochmia phaeton*

Crimson-winged Pytilia; Aurora finch, *Pytilia phoenicoptera*

Diamond dove, *Geopelia cuneata*

Domestic goose All domestic strains derived from *Anser anser*

Domestic pigeon; rock dove, *Columba livia* (domestic) – **Racing type pigeons are exempt from state barrier animal inspection**

Double-barred finch, *Taeniopygia bichenovii*

Eastern long-billed corella, *Cacatua tenuirostris*

Elegant parrot, *Neophema elegans*

Emerald dove, *Chalcophaps indica*

Emu, *Dromaius novaehollandiae*

Fairy Martin, *Hirundo ariel*

Galah, *Cacatua roseicapilla*

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements

Garganey, *Anas querquedula*

Glossy ibis, *Plegadis falcinellus*

Golden pheasant, *Chrysolophus pictus*

Goldfinch; European goldfinch, *Carduelis carduelis*

Green peafowl, *Pavo muticus*

Green-winged Pytilia; Melba finch, *Pytilia melba*

Grey nightjar, *Caprimulgus indicus*

Grey teal, *Anas gracilis*

Guineafowl, *Numida meleagris*

Hardhead, *Aythya australis*

Himalayan monal pheasant; impeyan pheasant, *Lophophorus impejanus*

Jacky winter, *Microeca fascinans*

Kalij pheasant, *Lophura leucomelanos*

King quail; Blue-breasted quail, *Coturnix chinensis*

Lady Amherst's pheasant, *Chrysolophus amherstiae*

Latham's snipe, *Gallinago hardwickii*

Laughing turtle-dove, *Streptopelia senegalensis* – **DPaW Prohibited import**

Lesser coucal, *Centropus bengalensis*

Little button-quail, *Turnix velox*

Little corella (eastern subspecies), *Cacatua sanguinea gymnopsis*

Little corella (Kimberley subspecies), *Cacatua sanguinea sanguinea*

Little corella (Pilbara-Murchison and northern wheatbelt subspecies), *Cacatua sanguinea westralensis*

Little crow, *Corvus bennetti*

Luzon bleeding-heart; bleeding-heart pigeon, *Gallicolumba luzonica*

Magpie goose (pied goose), *Anseranas semipalmata*

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements

Major Mitchell's cockatoo, *Cacatua leadbeateri*

Mallard duck; mallard, *Anas platyrhynchos* All *Anas* strains of domestic duck

Muir's corella; Western corella (Lake Muir subspecies), *Cacatua pastinator pastinator*

Mulga parrot, *Platycercus varius*

Muscovy duck, *Cairina moschata*

Musk duck, *Biziura lobata*

Musk lorikeet, *Glossopsitta concinna*

Mute swan; white swan, *Cygnus olor*

Northern rosella, *Platycercus venustus*

Ostrich, *Struthio camelus*

Adult birds exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry

Pacific baza, *Aviceda subcristata*

Pacific black duck, *Anas superciliosa*

Pacific golden plover, *Pluvialis fulva*

Pacific swallow, *Hirundo tahitica*

Painted button-quail, *Turnix varia*

Painted finch, *Emblema pictum*

Pale-headed munia, *Lonchura pallida*

Partridge pigeon, *Geophaps smithii*

Peaceful dove, *Geopelia striata*

Pheasant coucal, *Centropus phasianinus*

Pheasant-tailed jacana, *Hydrophasianus chirurgus*

Pictorella mannikin, *Heteromunia pectoralis*

Pied Imperial pigeon, *Ducula bicolor*

Pin-tailed snipe, *Gallinago stenura*

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements
Purple-crowned lorikeet, <i>Glossopsitta porphyrocephala</i>
Radjah shelduck, <i>Tadorna radjah</i>
Rainbow lorikeet, <i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>
Red-backed button-quail, <i>Turnix maculosa</i>
Red-browed finch, <i>Neochmia temporalis</i>
Red-capped parrot; WA king parrot, <i>Purpureicephalus spurius</i>
Red-chested button-quail, <i>Turnix pyrrhothorax</i>
Red-crested cardinal, <i>Paroaria coronata</i>
Red-rumped swallow, <i>Hirundo daurica</i>
Redthroat, <i>Pyrrholaemus brunneus</i>
Red-throated parrotfinch; red-faced parrotfinch, <i>Erythrura psittacea</i>
Red-winged parrot, <i>Aprosmictus erythropterus</i>
Reeves's pheasant, <i>Syrmaticus reevesii</i>
Rock parrot, <i>Neophema petrophila</i>
Rose-crowned fruit-dove, <i>Ptilinopus regina</i>
Scaly-breasted lorikeet, <i>Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus</i>
Scarlet-chested parrot, <i>Neophema splendid</i>
Siamese fireback pheasant, <i>Lophura diardi</i>
Sooty flycatcher (dark-sided flycatcher), <i>Muscicapa sibirica</i>
Spinifex pigeon, <i>Geophaps plumifera</i>
Spotted turtle-dove, <i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>
DPaW Prohibited import
Star finch, <i>Neochmia ruficauda</i>
Straw-necked ibis, <i>Threskiornis spinicollis</i>
Stubble quail, <i>Coturnix pectoralis</i>
Swan goose; chinese goose, <i>Anser cygnoides</i>

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements

Swinhoe's pheasant, *Lophura swinhoii*

Swinhoe's snipe, *Gallinago megala*

Torresian crow, *Corvus orru*

Tree Martin, *Hirundo nigricans*

Varied lorikeet, *Trichoglossus versicolor*

Welcome swallow, *Hirundo neoxena*

Western rosella, *Platycercus icterotis*

White-backed swallow, *Cheramoeca leucosternus*

White-bibbed ground-dove; white-breasted ground-dove; Jobi Island dove, *Gallicolumba jobiensis*

Yellow-rumped mannikin, *Lonchura flaviprymna*

Zebra finch, *Taeniopygia guttata*

Zitting cisticola, *Cisticola juncidis*

9.5 Exempt keeping mammals by common name

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements.

Agile wallaby, *Macropus agilis* **WCA Import permit**

Alpaca, *Lama pacos* **DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Antilopine wallaroo, *Macropus antilopinus* **WCA Import permit**

Axolotl; Mexican walking fish, *Ambystoma mexicanum*

Beefalo cattle breed and all animals of 37.5% and less American bison genetic material *Bison bison X Bos taurus* **DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Black rat, *Rattus rattus*

Brown rat; norway rat, *Rattus norvegicus*

Cat, *Felis catus* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection**

Cattle, *Bos taurus* **DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements.

Dingo, *Canis dingo*

Dingo-dog hybrids, *Canis dingo x Canis lupus familiaris*

Domestic camel *Camelus dromedarius* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Domestic dog, *Canis lupus familiaris* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection**

Domestic donkey, *Equus asinus* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Domestic goat, *Capra hircus* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Domestic horse, *Equus caballus* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Domestic pig, *Sus scrofa* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Domestic rabbit, *Oryctolagus cuniculus* **(domestic or commercial breeds only; not wild rabbit with wild-type brown colouring)**

Euro; biggada, *Macropus robustus erubescens* **WCA Import permit**

Feral horse, *Equus caballus* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Ferret – domestic, *Mustela putorius furo* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection**

Guinea pig – domestic, *Cavia porcellus*

House mouse, *Mus musculus*

Llama, *Lama glama* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Long-haired rat, *Rattus villosissimus* **WCA Import permit**

Mule; hinny, *Equus caballus X Equus asinus* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Pale field-rat, *Rattus tunneyi* **WCA Import permit**

Red kangaroo; marlu, *Macropus rufus* **WCA Import permit**

Common name(s), scientific name and any additional requirements.

Rufous hare-wallaby, *Lagorchestes hirsutus* **WCA Import permit**

Sheep, *Ovis aries* **Exempt from state barrier animal inspection DAFWA health and fibre requirements before entry**

Tammar, *Macropus eugenii* **WCA Import permit**

Western brush wallaby, *Macropus irma* **WCA Import permit**

Western bush rat, *Rattus fuscipes* **WCA Import permit**

Western grey kangaroo, *Macropus fuliginosus* **WCA Import permit**

Wild or feral dog, *Canis lupus familiaris* (feral)

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